क्र० सं	उद्योग का नाम		जिला	अधिनियम तथा धारा	दायर करने की तारीख	निजी/सरकारी उपक्रम
3.	केशव आयल मिल, झुकाही	कटनी		वायु (प्रदूषण निवारण एवं नियंत्रण) अधिनियम, 1981 धारा 37, 38, 39 और 22(अ)	4.11.95	-वही-
4.	मार्डन स्टोन लाइम, झुकाही	कटनी		-वही-	-वही-	-वही-
5.	सोम लाइम वर्क्स, झुकाही	कटनी		-वही-	-वही-	-वही-
6.	सुबोध लाइम वर्क्स, झुकाही	कटनी		-वही-	-वही-	-वही-
7.	प्रभात लाइम वर्क्स, झुकाही	कटनी		-वही-	-वही-	-वही-
8.	एस०एस० सालूजा लाइम वर्क्स, झुकाही	कटनी		-वही-	-वही-	-वही-
9.	वैंकटेश्वर केमिकल्स, झुकाही	कटनी		-वही-	-वही-	-वही-
10.	दुर्गेश्वरी लाइम वर्क्स, झुकाही	कटनी		वायु (प्रदूषण निवारण एवं नियंत्रण) अधिनियम, 1981 धारा 37, 38, 39 और 22(अ)	4.11.95	-निजी
11.	अर्जुन लाइम वर्क्स, झुकाही	कटनी		-वही-	-वही-	-वही-
12.	आर०वी० इंडस्ट्रीज, झुकाही	कटनी		-वही-	-वही-	-वही-
13.	राजा भार्गव लाइम वर्क्स, झुकाही	कटनी		-वही-	-वही-	-वही-
14.	निक्कू मिनरलज, झुकाही	कटनी		-वही-	-वही-	-वही-
15.	मै० एसोसिएटेड अल्कोहल एंड ब्रेवरीज़ बड़वाह	खरगोन		जल (प्रदूषण निवारण एवं नियंत्रण) अधिनियम, 1974 धारा 47	8.7.97	-वही-
16.	मै० ज्योति वेइंग सिस्टम, देवास	देवास		वायु (प्रदूषण निवारण एवं नियंत्रण) अधिनियम, 1981 धारा 37, 39, 40	25.9.97	-वही-
17.	बैंक नोट प्रेस, देवास	देवास		जल (प्रदूषण निवारण एवं नियंत्रण) अधिनियम, 1974 धारा 44	23.3.98	भारत सरकार का उपक्रम

Constitution of Group for the Management of Chemical Hazards

3402. SHRI O.P. KOHLI: Will the Miniser of ENVIRONEMNT AND FORESTS be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government had constituted a Central Crisis Group for the management of chemical hazards;

(b) if so, the outcome of the analysis done by this Group so far; and

(c) the steps taken or proposed to be taken to check chemical disasters?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND FORESTS (SHRI BABULAL MARANDI): (a) and (b) Yes, Sir. The Government had constituted a Central Crisis Group (CCG) under Rule 3 of the Chemical Accidents (Emergency, Planning, Preparedness & Response) Rules, 1996 formulated under the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986. The CCG has held two meetings so far. Some of the important recommendations made by the CCG relate to procedure for functioning of the CCG during crisis, constitution of a Co-ordination Committee for immediate handling of crisis, publishing of list annually of the major accident hazard units in the country and major chemical accidents including the crisis alert system, conduct of hazard analysis survey for hazard prone industrial pockets, preparation of off-site emergency plans and training of response personnel in the country.

(c) A set of Rules for accident prevention and emergency preparedness entitled Manufacture, Storage and Import of Hazardous Chemical Rules, 1989 and Chemical Accidents (Emergency, Planning, Preparedness and Response) Rules, 1996 under the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 have been notified. The Government has also initiated many schemes to check chemical disasters vis-a-vis to conduct Hazard Analysis Surveys, Preparation of Off-site Emergency Plans, Establishment of Emergency Response Centre and Poison Control Centres, financial assistance for infrastructure development of implementing authorities and to conduct training courses.

Report of Tata Energy Research Institute on Environmental Degradation

3403. SHRI PREM CHAND GUPTA: Will the Miniser of ENVIRONMENT AND FORESTS be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that as per the reprots of the Tata Energy Research Institute study, the country is loosing 10% of its national income due to environmental degradation; availability of fresh water has reduced by two third; soil degradation has increased by almost 800 lakh acres; and more than half of the forest area is covered by degraded forests; and

(b) if so, what action Government are taking in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND FORESTS (SHRI BABULAL MARANDI): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The Central Government has formulated National Policy Statement on Abatement of Pollution and have also enunciated National Conservation Strategy for Environmental Protection and Resource Conservation. Specific steps taken to control pollution and environmental degradation include the following:

— industrial pollution control and its implementation through concerned State Pollution Control Boards/ Pollution Control Committees;

— identification of critically polluted areas for restoration of environmental quality in these areas;

— prevention and control of river pollution including regulation and disposal of industrial effluent and domestic sewage;

— sitting of industries is being regulated under EIA notification and the environmental conditions stipulated while granting clearance to the industries are monitored for their compliance.

— National River Conservation Plan (NRCP) for 14 major rivers and National Lake Conservation Plan (NLCP) for 10 prominent lakes have been evolved to check degradation of fresh water sources;